

# TURNING THE WIND INTO SUSTAINABLE ENERGY: THE ROMBLON ISLAND PROJECT

Forum on Advancing Article 6  
Implementation through Business  
Engagement and JCM Project Matchmaking  
in the Philippines

January 21, 2026



# OVERVIEW

1. Brief Company Introduction
2. Why Island Energy Is Challenging
3. Romblon Wind Project Overview
4. Technology & System Design
5. Typhoon-Resilient Wind Turbine
6. Challenges & Solutions
7. Performance During Typhoon
8. Komaihaltec Project Solutions
9. 1MW Wind Turbine
10. Why Choose Komaihaltec

# 1. BRIEF COMPANY INTRODUCTION

- Founded: 1883
- HQ: Osaka, Japan
- Capital: 6.619-billion yen
- No. of employees: 632
- Main Business:



## Bridge



Tokyo Bay Aqua-Line

## Steel Frame



Azabudai Hills



Shanghai World Financial Center



Tokyo Skytree

## Renewable Energy

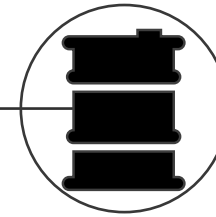
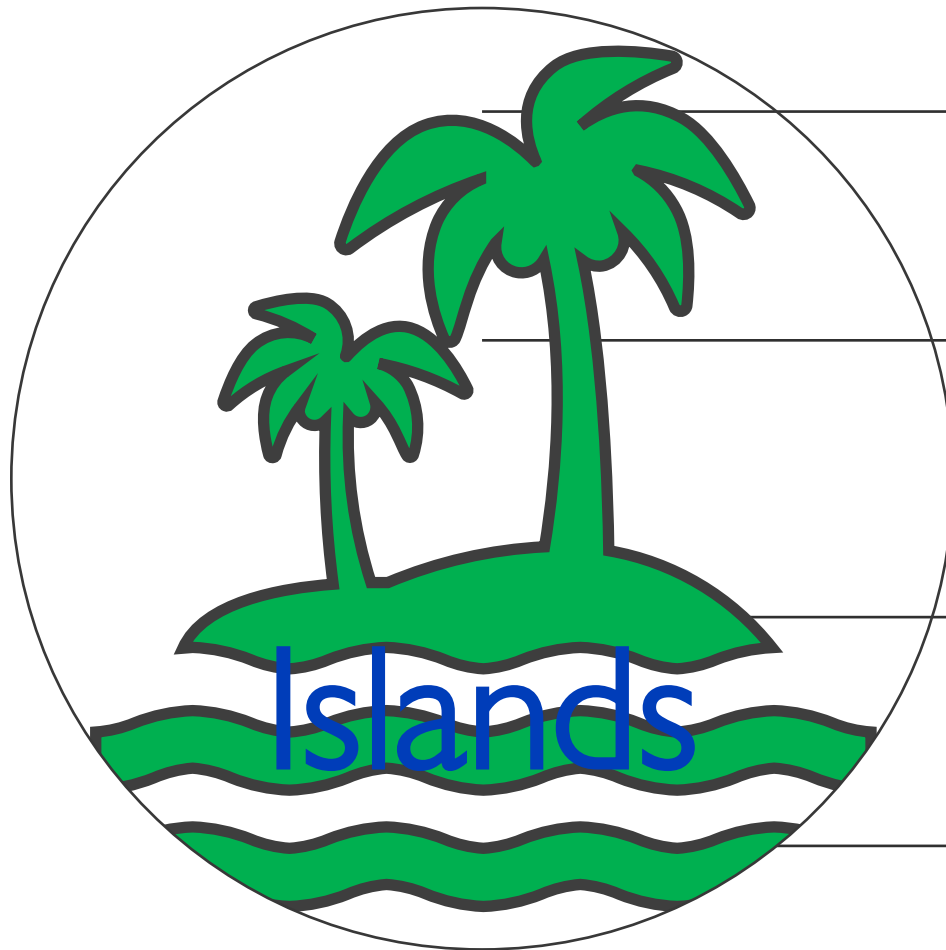


Fukushima Renewable Energy Institute

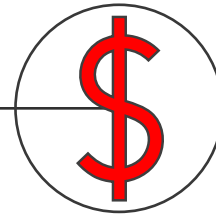


Miyako Island

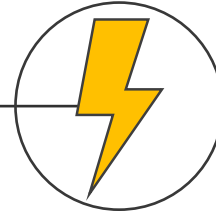
## 2. WHY ISLAND ENERGY IS CHALLENGING



Diesel dependence & fuel logistics constraints



High generation cost & price volatility



Weak grids with limited flexibility



Exposure to typhoons and extreme winds



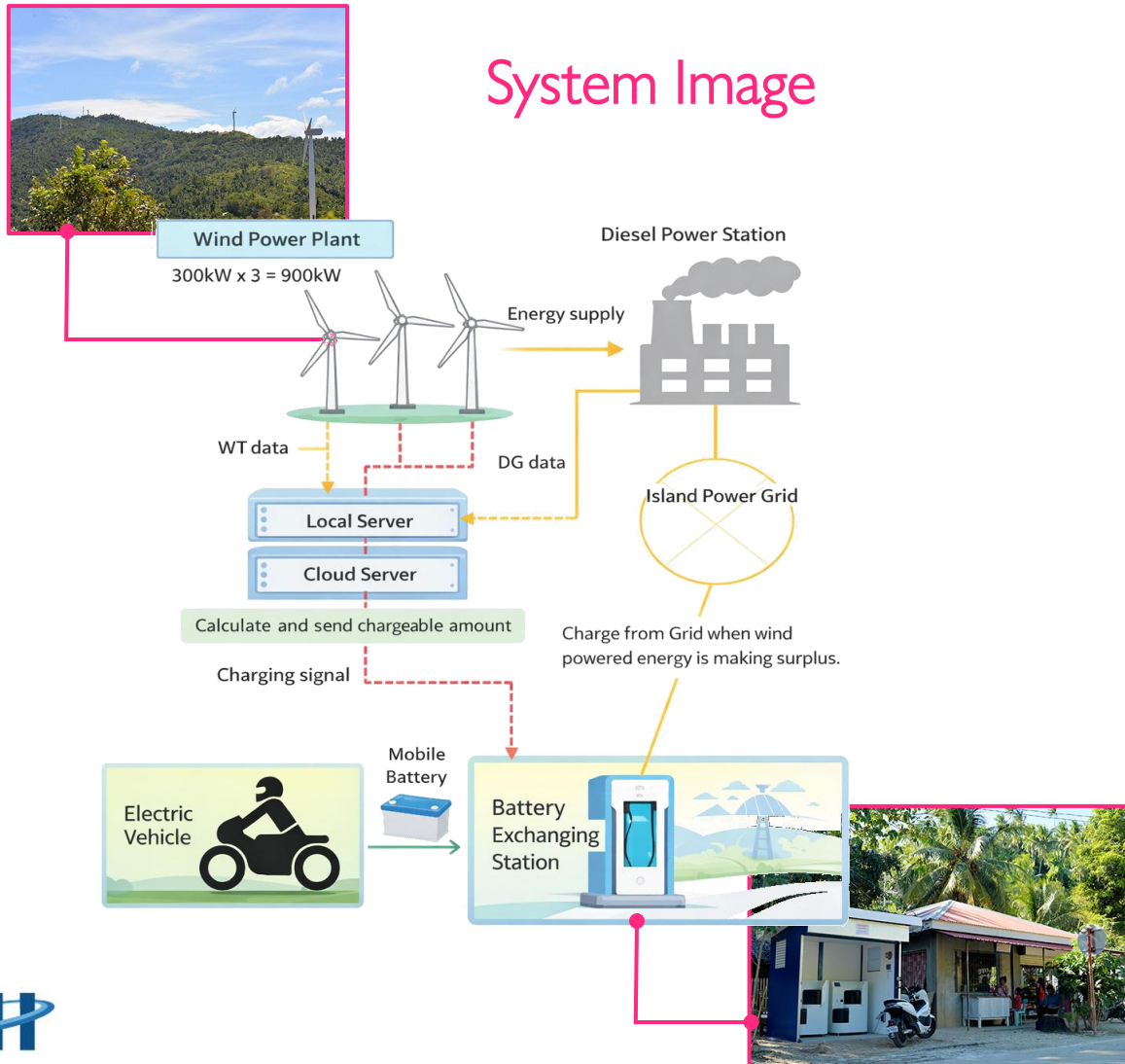
# 3. ROMBLON WIND PROJECT OVERVIEW



- **Project:** Development and Demonstration of a Typhoon-Resistant Wind Turbine and a Surplus Power Utilization System Using Multi-Purpose Batteries for Remote Islands
- **Location:** Romblon Island, Philippines
- **Capacity:** 900 kW (3 units X 300 kW)
- **Commissioned:** February 2019
- **Status:** Operational
- **Utility:** Romblon Electric Cooperative (ROMELCO)
- **Public subsidy support:** Japan MoE

# 4. TECHNOLOGY & SYSTEM DESIGN

## System Image



## System Overview

### 1. Key Components

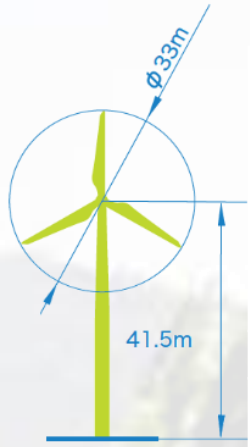
- Wind Power Plant: 3 × 300 kW WTG (900 kW total)
- Diesel Power Station: Backup and peak-load support
- Island Power Grid: Local generation-load balancing
- Battery Exchange Station (BES): Controllable load and energy buffer
- Local & Cloud Servers: Monitoring, control, and optimization

### 2. Operational Principle

- Wind power prioritized as primary energy source
- Surplus wind energy detected in real time
- Intelligent control calculates chargeable energy
- BES charges batteries during surplus periods
- EVs receive energy via fast battery swapping

# 5. TYPHOON-RESILIENT WIND TURBINE

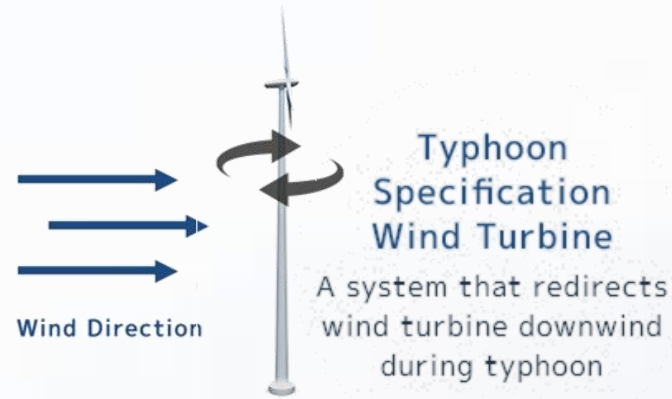
KWT300 ESV (Extreme Storm Version)



Rated power:	300kW
Rotor diameter:	33m
Hub height:	41.5m
Blade length:	16.0m
Nacelle weight:	18t
Cut-in speed:	3m/s
Cut-out speed:	25m/s

## Post-Typhoon Recovery

- Structural and vibration health checks
- Controlled restart after safe wind conditions are confirmed



## Typhoon-Proof Design

- Auto cut-out
- Blade feathering
- Yaw active control at a Typhoon attack using emergency DG set
- IEC 61400 Class II S, designed for **91.26 m/s** winds

## One-Short Blade

- Glued-free structure eliminates joint weaknesses and improves durability

## Integrated Battery

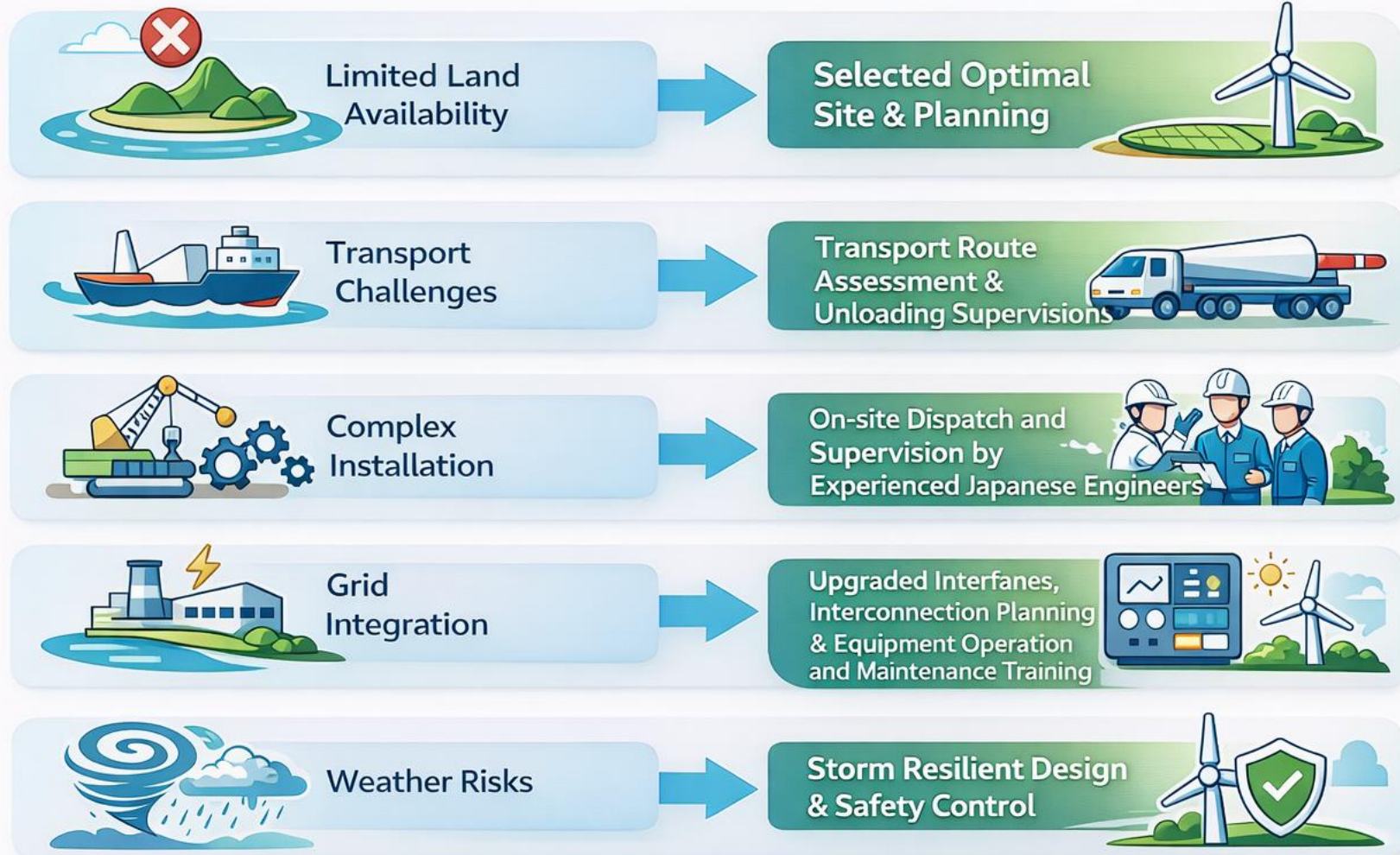
- On-turbine storage smooths power fluctuations and stabilizes output

## Microgrid-Optimized

- Proven reliable operation in islanded and weak grids



# 6. CHALLENGES & SOLUTIONS

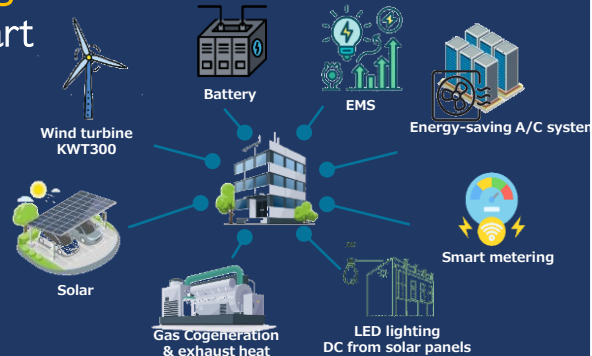




# 8. KOMAIHALTEC PROJECT SOLUTIONS

## ① Hybrid on-site power generation

Project: The Mie University Smart Campus Demonstration, Japan



In-house power generation for the campus aiming at reduction of CO2 emissions and optimization of power usage

## ② Captive power use

Project: Food factory Rock Field Co., Ltd., Japan



Wind power is utilized to purify the water used at the factory, circulate it through a biotope, and promote the greening of the area

## ③ Regional microgrids

Projects: Combination with diesel generation in cold climate  
i) Ust-Kamchatsk and ii) Tiksi, Russia



Wind turbines are installed in challenging site access and climatic conditions. KWT300 has excellent features allowing transportation in difficult conditions to improve the resiliency and save on cost of fuel.

## ④ Local consumption

Project: Ōtoyo Wind Power Plant, Kōchi Prefecture, Japan

Wind Turbines: 3 × 300 kW

Client: Shikoku Electric Power

Purpose: Generation of 2.3mln kWh/year, supplying ~730 households and reducing ~1,000 t CO<sub>2</sub> annually



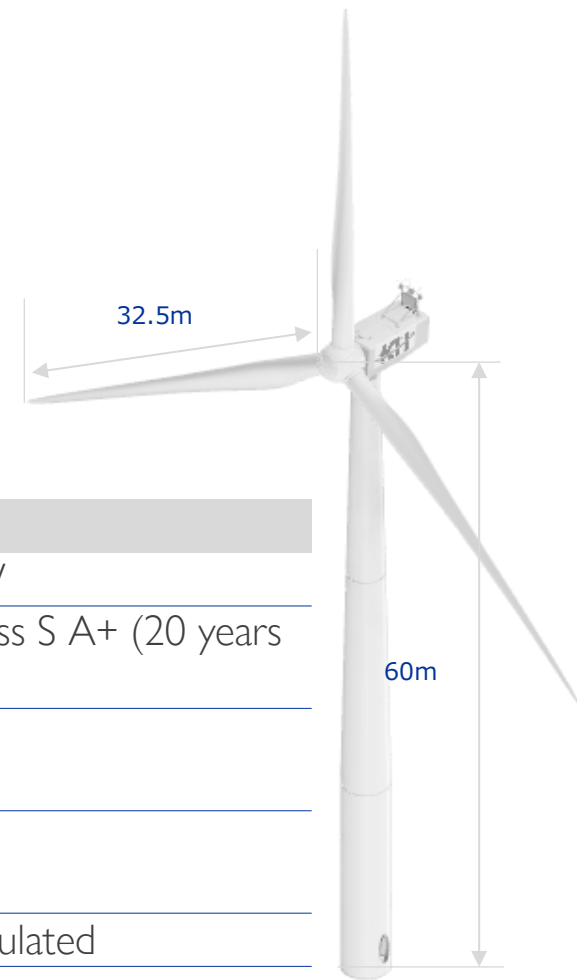
# 9.1MW WIND TURBINE

KWT1.0, 1,000kW unit capacity wind turbine

- Withstands wind speeds up to 70 m/s (standard) and 90 m/s+ (typhoon type)
- Certification:
  - Design Evaluation Conformity Statement (DEWI OCC (UL) ): in progress
  - Type Certification (Class NK): 2026~2027

## General details

Rated power	1,000kW
IEC class	Type Class S A+ (20 years lifetime)
Average wind speed $V_{ave}$ (m/s)	8.5m/s
Reference wind speed $V_{ref}$ (m/s)	50m/s
Power regulation	pitch-regulated
Rated wind speed	11.5m/s
Operating wind speed range	3-25m/s
Rotor diameter	67.0m
Hub height	60m
Generator	Asynchronous generator
Nacelle weight	35t



# 10. WHY CHOOSE KOMAIHALTEC

- 1 Reliable technologies and diversified power supply solutions**  
We offer reliable technologies and diversified power supply solutions suitable for complex terrain and weather conditions, such as in Japan
- 2 Total solutions for wind power plants**  
Komaihaltec offers a full spectrum of services from planning to design, construction and maintenance aiming to meet the needs of individual customers.



- 3 Innovations and Track Record**  
We have extensive experience in construction of numerous long-span bridges and production of advanced steel structures for skyscrapers. By utilizing our expertise in steel and wind analysis, we constantly improving our technologies and implement innovation solutions.

# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

Miyako Island, Okinawa Prefecture, Japan



## CONTACT US

*We're here to support you along the way*



renew@komaihaltec.co.jp

<https://www.komaihaltec.co.jp/env/english/>